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§3–318.

- (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a person may not be prosecuted under § 3-303, § 3-304, § 3-307, or § 3-308 of this subtitle for a crime against a victim who was the person's legal spouse at the time of the alleged rape or sexual offense.
- (b) A person may be prosecuted under $\S 3-303(a)$, $\S 3-304(a)(1)$, or $\S 3-307(a)(1)$ of this subtitle for a crime against the person's legal spouse if:
- (1) at the time of the alleged crime the person and the person's legal spouse have lived apart, without cohabitation and without interruption:
- (i) under a written separation agreement executed by the person and the spouse; or
- (ii) for at least 3 months immediately before the alleged rape or sexual offense; or
- (2) the person in committing the crime uses force or threat of force and the act is without the consent of the spouse.
- (c) A person may be prosecuted under § 3-303, § 3-304, § 3-307, or § 3-308 of this subtitle for a crime against the person's legal spouse if at the time of the alleged crime the person and the spouse live apart, without cohabitation and without interruption, under a decree of limited divorce.

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